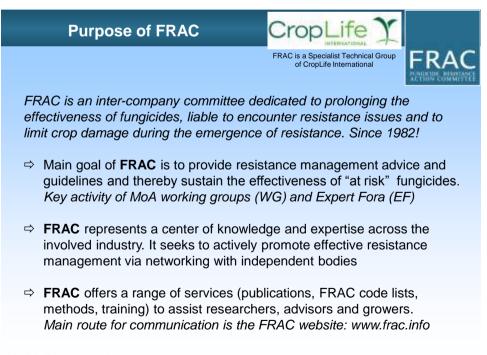


The Fungicide Resistance Action Committee (FRAC):

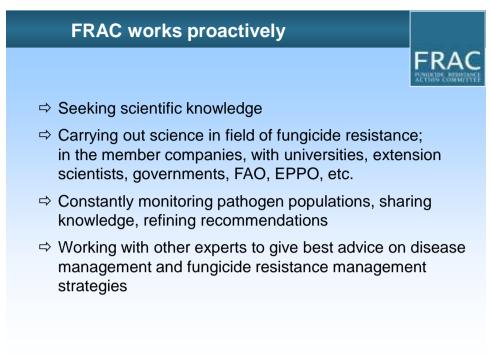
members, structure, objectives, key activities, and publications



Studiedag Fungicidenresistentie, 28.09.2017, Lelystad



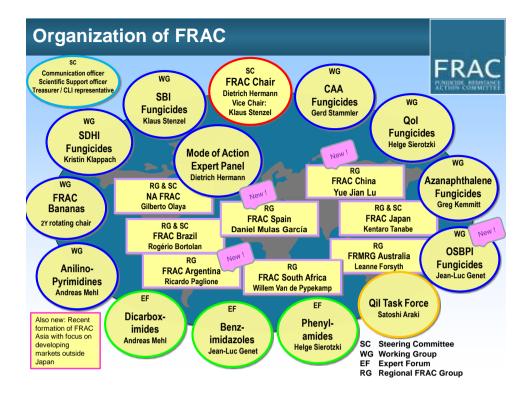




FRAC structure and groups

- ⇒ Managed by the FRAC steering committee. Supported by the scientific support officer and a communication officer. Financial aspects managed with CLI.
- ⇒ The FRAC constitution defines role, structure, membership and gives operating guidelines to the involved groups
- ⇒ FRAC Working Groups (WG) and Expert Fora (EF) are responsible for technical reviews of monitoring data and studies, determination of resistance management strategies and publication of use recommendations
- ⇒ The FRAC Mode of Action Expert Panel evaluates in collaboration with suppliers the inclusion of new active principles to the mode of action code list and poster
- ⇒ Network of local FRAC's, established in connection to Crop Life regional organizations
- ➡ Connections through company experts to independent local Fungicide Resistance Action Groups (FRAG)

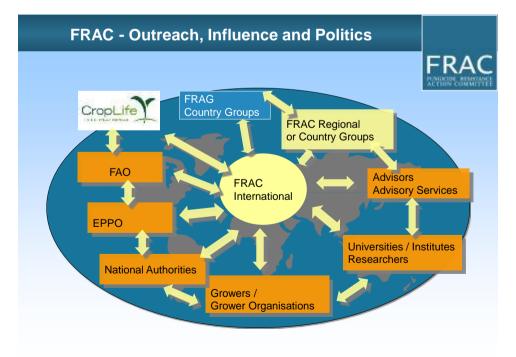




FRA			
The FRAC SC meets 2x annually for a full day meeting Ad hoc approvals by E-mail Monthly calls between Chair and Vice Chair			FRAC
Dr. D. Hermann	Syngenta	Chairman FRAC, Chairman	MoA Expert Panel
Dr. K. Stenzel	Bayer	Vice Chairman, Chairman SBI Fungicides WG	
Mr. D. McKenzie		Scientific Support Officer	
Dr. J. Derpmann	Bayer	Communication and Website Officer	
Dr. G. Kemmitt	Dow Agrosciences	Chairman Azanaphthalene WG; FRAC-MoA Poster	
Dr. A. Mehl	Bayer	Chairman Anilinopyrimidines WG & Banana WG Dicarboximide Expert Forum	
Dr. G. Stammler	BASF	Chairman CAA Fungicides WG	
Dr. K. Klappach	BASF	Chairwoman SDHI Fungicides WG	
Dr. H. Sierotzki	Syngenta	Chairman Qol-WG & Phenylamides Expert Forum	
Mr. JL. Genet	DuPont	Chairman OSBPI-WG & Benzimidazoles Expert Forum	
Dr. K. Tanabe	Nippon Soda Japan	Representatie Japan FRAC, Qil Task Force	
Dr. G. Olaya	Syngenta USA	Representative North America FRAC	
Mr. R. Bortolan	Bayer Brazil	Representative Brazil FRAC	

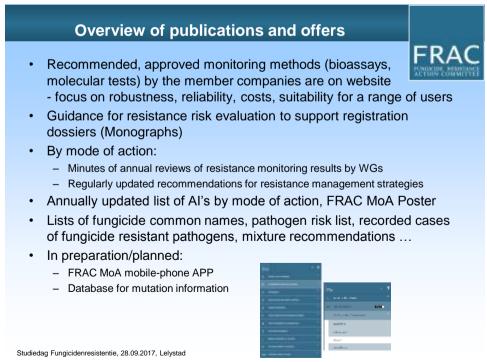
















Resistance Management Strategies
 Use of good plant protection practice resistant crop cultivars, non-chemical control, husbandry systems, crop rotations, tillage systems, efficient application.
Application of Plant Protection Products Imit the number of applications of a chemical class (mode of action = MOA) to
 reduce selection pressure*. restrict application timing to the optimum for pest control. respect the recommended use rate.
Use of Mixtures and Alternations
 * limiting number of application is most effective when used in combination with mixtures / alternations of different MOAs.
 mixture / alternation partners must be a different MOA and effective.
 mixtures / alternations reduce the selection pressure and provide more robust disease control
 resistance risk declines as number / area of applications with the product declines.
relies when a diversity of modes of action being available for a terrat discose

- relies upon a diversity of modes of action being available for a target disease.



FRAC Guidance on mixtures



INTRODUCTION

ramits beginnes. In maps with a high too

Studiedag Fungicidenresistentie, 28.09.2017, Lelystad

- Mixtures (tank-mix or co-formulations) are supported by FRAC, as are alternations
- No clear data that alternation or mixture • is better than the other
- Mixture is easier to "ensure" and therefore • better "stewardship"
- Appropriate mixtures can: •
 - give broader spectrum disease control,
 - ensure more effective control
 - avoid disease control failure,
 - manage the occurrence and impact of resistance
- Mixtures are the better alternative if only few sprays/season are applied
- Mixtures particularly valuable where resistance declines between seasons

FRAC MOA Poster and Code List (www.frac.info)

the `FRAC Poster' and `MoA Code List' provide a classification • of active ingredients of disease control agents according to Mode of Action (MoA), based on scientific evidence



- · the code list gives a statement on resistance risk for the MoA and crossresistance pattern between different fungicides
- the FRAC code for Al's can be used on product labels •

The documents however do not give

- information on specific products or disease control efficacy
- an "approval" for a product for its value in resistance management



fungicides in the same group are cross-resistant 1.00 1000 fungicides in . different groups ÷ ī, are NOT cross-resistant

syngenta